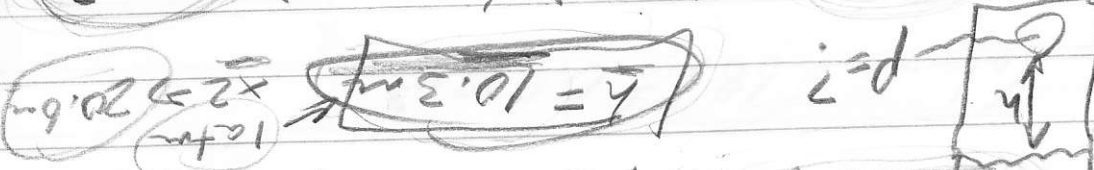


1. a) 14.1 psi  
 b)  $\approx 10,000 \text{ psi}$

2. The air pressure in an empty tire is 14.7 psi. The gauge reads the pressure difference between tire pressure and Latex.

3. Latex  $\approx 101,000 \text{ pa} = \rho g h = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) h$



4.  $P = \rho g h = 1029 \text{ kg/m}^3 (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (10.924 \text{ m}) = 111 \times 10^3 \text{ pa}$

39.37 inches / 1 foot = 3.28 feet  
 3.28 feet = 1 m  
 15.97 psi  $\leftarrow$  6.875 psi

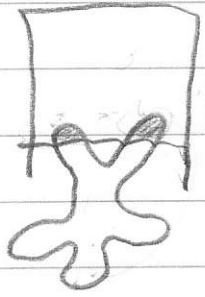
35,840 feet (0.305 m) = 10,924 m

5. 150 lbs  $\left( \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{2.2 \text{ lbs}} \right) = 68 \text{ kg}$   
 $\rho = \frac{m}{V}$   
 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 = \frac{68 \text{ kg}}{V}$   
 $V = 0.068 \text{ m}^3$   
 $0.068 \text{ m}^3 (1000 \text{ L/m}^3) = 68 \text{ L}$

6. mass = 68 kg = mass of H<sub>2</sub> displaced

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{68 \text{ kg}}{V} = 14,000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$V_{\text{H}_2 \text{ displaced}} = 0.00496 \text{ m}^3$$



$$\text{Total Human Volume} = 68 \text{ L} = 0.068 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_{\text{Submerged}} = \frac{V_{\text{Displaced}} (100\%)}{V_{\text{Human Total}} (100\%)} = \frac{0.00496 \text{ m}^3}{0.068 \text{ m}^3} = 7.1\%$$

$$\% \text{ sticking out} = 100\% - 7.1\% = 92.9\%$$

$$F = \rho g h = 14,000 \text{ kg/m}^3 (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (0.76 \text{ m}) = 104,475 \text{ N}$$

$$29.96 \text{ inches} = 2.50 \text{ feet} (0.305 \text{ m}) = 0.76 \text{ m}$$

$$\rho_{\text{air}} = 6895 \text{ Pa}$$

$$14.7 \text{ psi}$$

$$15.2 \text{ psi}$$

$$1 \text{ inch} = 25.4 \text{ mm}$$

8. Assuming a human is  $1\text{m}^3$  mass must be  $1000\text{kg}$ , so that human displaces  $1000\text{kg}$  of dead sea  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \quad \frac{1000\text{kg}}{1\text{m}^3} = 1000\text{kg/m}^3$$

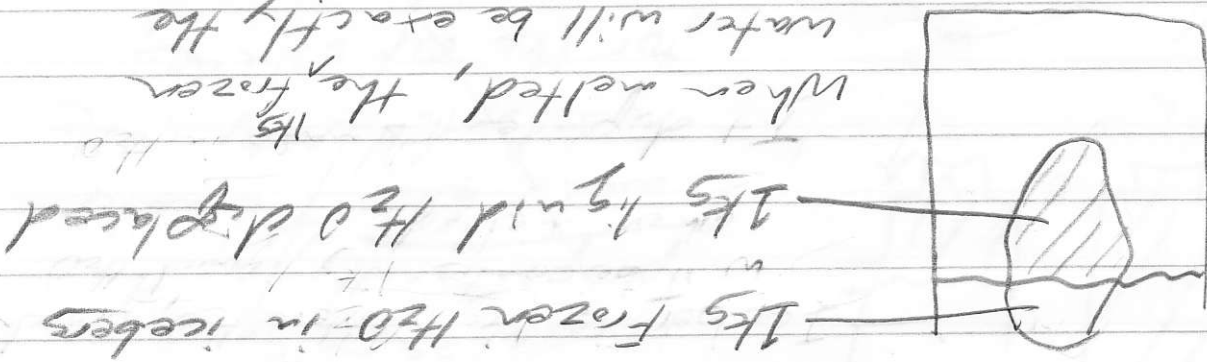
$$V = 0.806\text{m}^3 \text{ of dead sea } \text{H}_2\text{O}$$

Volume sticking out = Total Human vol. - Displaced

$$= 1\text{m}^3 - 0.806\text{m}^3$$

$$= 0.194\text{m}^3$$

$$\text{As a \% } \rightarrow \frac{0.194\text{m}^3}{1\text{m}^3} = 19.4\% \text{ sticking out}$$



When melted, they frozen water will be exactly the same thing as  $1\text{kg}$  liquid  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , so it will fill the displaced  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  spot perfectly