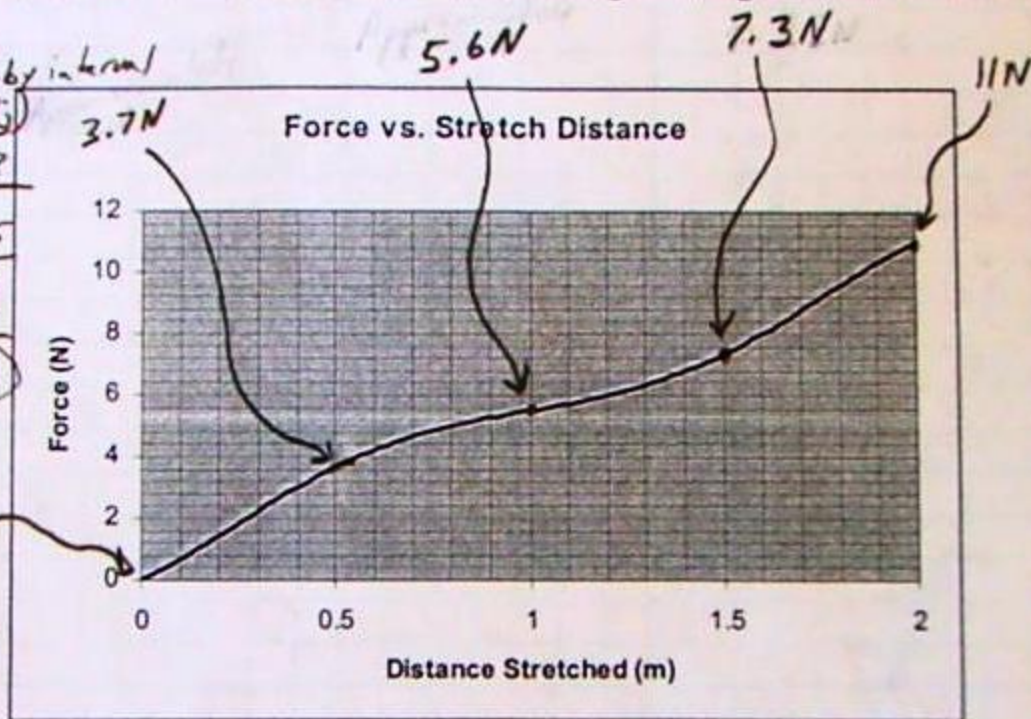


1. The graph below shows how much force is required to stretch a bungee to a variety of distances. Use the information from this graph to create a graph of "Work vs. Distance," where "work" is the amount of work that is done in the process of stretching the bungee to each stretch distance.

Int.	Avg F (N)	Work-Fd (j)	Total work by interval (End j)
0-0.5	1.85	0.93	0.93
0.5-1	4.63	2.32	3.25
1-1.5	6.45	3.23	6.48
1.5-2	9.15	4.58	11.06



This is the sum of all of these

2. How far would you have to stretch this bungee in order to have done 6j of work on the bungee?

$$1.425 \text{ m}$$

3. Suppose a ^{0.3} kg bungee jumper is released 1m above the bungee's zero stretch point. On your graph from #1, plot the PE that would be lost by this bungee jumper if the jumper were to fall past all of the stretch distances on your graph.

$$PE_{\text{lost@ 0m of stretch}} = 0.3 \text{ kg} (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (1 \text{ m}) = 2.94 \text{ j}$$

$$PE_{\text{lost@ 2m of stretch}} = 0.3 \text{ kg} (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (3 \text{ m}) = 8.82 \text{ j}$$

4. If the jumper is attached to the bungee, how far will the bungee stretch before the jumper reaches its low point?

$$1.68 \text{ m}$$

