

Practice - 18.3 Coulomb's Law

1. What is the repulsive force between two pith balls that are 8.00 cm apart and have equal charges of -30.0 nC?

$$F = \frac{kq_1q_2}{r^2} = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2} \left(\frac{(30 \times 10^{-9} \text{C})^2}{(0.08 \text{m})^2} \right) = 1.26 \times 10^{-3} \text{N}$$

2. Two point charges exert a 5.00 N force on each other. What will the force become if the distance between them is increased by a factor of three?

$$F = 5 \text{N} = \frac{kq_1q_2}{r^2} \xrightarrow{\text{substituting } 3r \text{ for } r} \frac{kq_1q_2}{(3r)^2} = \frac{1}{9} \frac{kq_1q_2}{r^2} \text{ so } F = \frac{1}{9} (5 \text{N})$$

3. Two point charges are brought closer together, increasing the force between them by a factor of 25. By what factor was their separation decreased?

$$F = \frac{kq_1q_2}{r^2} \Rightarrow r^2 F = kq_1q_2 \Rightarrow r_0 = \sqrt{\frac{kq_1q_2}{F}}$$

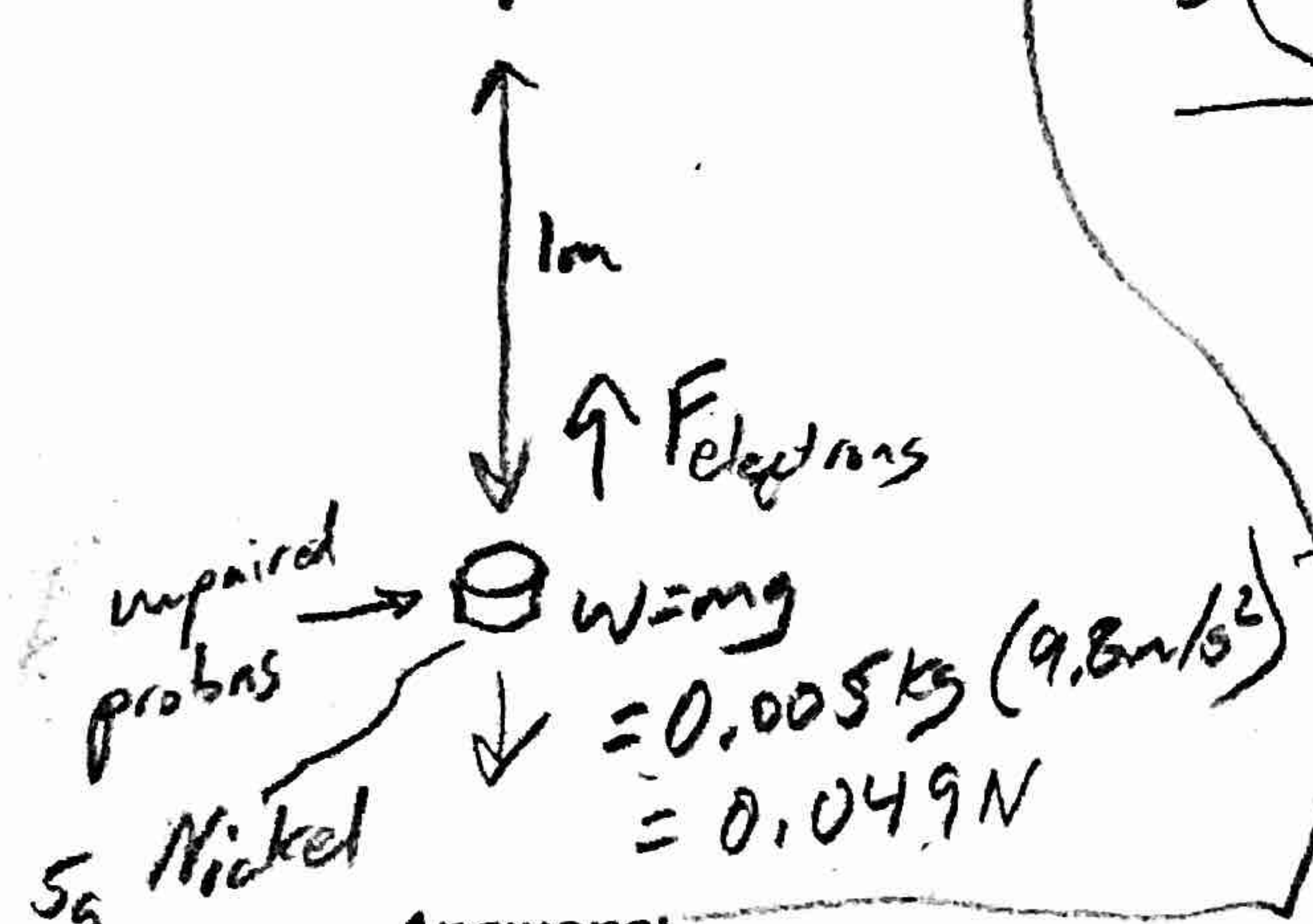
Substituting 25F for F $\Rightarrow r = \sqrt{\frac{kq_1q_2}{25F}} = \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{kq_1q_2}{F}} = \frac{1}{5} r_0$

4. If two equal charges each of 1.00 C each are separated in air by a distance of 1.00 km, what is the magnitude of the force acting between them? You will see that even at a distance as large as 1 km, the repulsive force is substantial because 1 C is a very significant amount of charge.

$$F = \frac{kq_1q_2}{r^2} = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2} \left(\frac{(1.00 \text{C})(1.00 \text{C})}{(10^3 \text{m})^2} \right) = 8.99 \times 10^3 \text{N}$$

5. Suppose a coin is made of 5.00 g of pure nickel. How many electrons, removed and placed 1.00 m above the coin, would support the weight of this coin? Assume that the mass of an electron is negligible.

unpaired electrons



$$mg = F_{\text{electrostatic}} = k \frac{q^2}{r^2}$$

$q = \text{charge of electrons} = \text{charge of protons}$

$$0.049 \text{N} = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2} \left(\frac{q^2}{(1 \text{m})^2} \right)$$

$$q = 2.33 \times 10^{-6} \text{C}$$

$$2.33 \times 10^{-6} \text{C} \left(\frac{1 \text{e}}{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{C}} \right) = 1.46 \times 10^{13} \text{e}$$

Answers:

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|-----------------------------------|---|------|
| 1. $1.26 \times 10^{-3} \text{N}$ | 2. 0.556N | 3. 5 |
| 4. $8.99 \times 10^3 \text{N}$ | 5. $1.46 \times 10^{13} \text{electrons}$ | |