

1. Define the following terms. Give their units and symbols.

Voltage:

Current:

Resistance:

2. The terms above are related by an equation known as Ohm's Law. Write Ohm's Law.
3. If a circuit has a resistance of  $5\Omega$  and 3A of current is running through the circuit, what is the circuit's voltage?
4. How much current runs through a circuit with a voltage of 20V and a resistance of  $4\Omega$ ?

5. How much resistance is in a circuit if the voltage is 12V and there are 6A of current running through the circuit?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
6. Write Ohm's law in a way that shows what is happening in a circuit when...
  - a. Voltage is kept the same, but resistance is decreased.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  - b. Voltage is kept the same, but current decreases.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  - c. Current increases, but resistance is kept constant.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  - d. Resistance decreases, but current is kept constant.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
7. Draw a circuit with two resistors in series. Use a 12V battery and two  $3\Omega$  light bulbs.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
8. Draw a circuit with two resistors in parallel. Use a 12V battery and two  $3\Omega$  light bulbs.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
9. Which of the above types of circuits is more common in household wiring? Why?